## FUTURE FOR WATEEPPOLO

## DEVELOPMENT PROJECT FOR WATERPOLO IN 5 CONTINENTS

INTRODUCTION

## PROJECTS and EXPECTATIONS, sent to you by email on 4 April, is the document has given rise to foundation of WATERPOLO PEOPLE and the event «A future for water polo», held in Naples in June 2014.

The work done by WATERPOLO PEOPLE consists of two parts: the VISION presented during the workshop in Naples and the DEVELOPMENT PROJECT realized after the informal meeting held in Lausanne, on 14 November 2014, with FINA Chief Executive Cornel Marcuelscu and TWPC President Gianni Lonzi.

- WATERPOLO VISION is an X-ray on the status of water polo in the world containing both comments on the critical issues and the positive factors of our sport. It's the result of a serene rereading of innumerable projects that have presented for over 40 years by people of a variety of professions and also by a study realized by an important marketing and communication agency. Most of these DEVELOPMENT POSSIBILITIES have never been realized or realized only part but, to this day, have not improved the popularity of water polo.
- The DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, to be developed in 4 phases of intervention, describes PROPOSING SOLUTIONS (to achieve in short- middle - long term) that may be more or less accepted, but they will have to be decided by FINA with the collaboration of TWPC, any other FINA Commissions and possible collaborations, if appropriate to the development of the intervention.
They were assumed the guidelines of the initiative that WATERPOLO PEOPLE presented to FINA, the LEN and the Italian Federation, in relation to the directives given by FINA after several meetings in Lausanne. WATERPOLO PEOPLE can cooperate in a meeting, if FINA deems useful, to discuss and clarify, in a peaceful debate, the contents of the PROJECT.


## WATERPOLO PEOPLE

- WATERPOLO PEOPLE is a 'NON-PROFIT' association established, in 2014, by people involved in the world of water that, in compliance with the important work made by FINA, CONTINENTAL LEAGUES and NATIONAL FEDERATIONS, propose, in unity of purpose, to provide a contribution of ideas for the improvement of our sport.
- Important authority of the Association is the Board of Trustees, composed of 10 Olympic gold medals at Barcelona '92, with the aim of safeguarding the ethical principles set out in the Statute.
- In June 2014 it was held in Naples the Workshop 'A FUTURE FOR WATERPOLO' in which it was presented the WATERPOLO VISION (described in the first part of this report).


## LA WATERPOLO PEOPLE

- Among the initiatives, the Association organized in 2015, in Naples, in the Village of Mostra d'Oltremare, the first edition of the YELLOW BALL WATERPOLO INTERNATIONAL EVENT, an event dedicated to children aged between 7 and 15 years. The second edition will take place in Naples, from 26 June to 2 July, 2016, with three tournaments Under-10, Under-13 and Under-15 (male, female, mixed).
- In the second edition of the YELLOW BALL it will also take place a workshop with the participation of executives, media and sponsors to confront and discuss some aspects of water polo, aimed at improving its popularity.
- Since 2014 informal meetings have held with FINA, LEN SWIMMING ITALIAN FEDERATION in which it was presented a DEVOLPMENT PROJECT for water polo, whose contents are incorporated in the second part of this report.


## WATERPOLO VISION UNA RADIOGRAFIA DELLO STATUS DELLA WATERPOLO NEL MONDO

an X-ray on the status of water polo in the world
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$\checkmark$ WATERPOLO VISION was the revision of several hat in the past had been requested by the institutions and proposed independently by fans of our sport and the work was intended to have a broad awareness of water polo problems and proposing solutions.
$\checkmark$ Therefore WATERPOLO VISION is a hypothesis of "X-RAY" on the STATUS of water polo in the world which will be useful to provide knowledge and possibly involve people of our sport.
$\checkmark$ The contents may be accepted, criticized, changed, improved, but should not be considered as a destructive intervention.

## WARTERPOLO VISION [follows]

$\checkmark$ It's common belief that the rise in popularity of water polo should take place with a work that is the outcome of a complex set of knowledge, economic resources, adequate experiences and professionalisms that, we are sure, they exist in the five continents, even where water polo is little practiced or absent for lack of knowledge, because it does not know the development potential of its strengths.
$\checkmark$ Therefore it would be appropriate FINA, under its LEADERSHIP, CO-WORKED with the operational structure of TWPC and if, as mentioned, considers this necessary, with the help of qualified persons in the world of water polo.
$\checkmark$ It's important to understand that the test results indicate that interventions should be aimed at obtaining ECONOMIC RESOURCES useful to FINA, CONTINENTAL LEAGUES, NATIONAL FEDERATIONS, but ESSENTIAL for the future of the CLUBS and the spread of the practice in the BASE .

## WHO COLLABORATED...

Waterpolo People ${ }^{\circledR}$
proporre e collaborare

With the coordination of Gabriele Pomilio, highly trained and experienced people worked that, later, in various ways, cooperated in drafting both WATERPOLO VISION and DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.
Among these:

1. ATLETHES (with experience from youth leagues to the success at the Olympic Games)
2. COACHES (with experience from lower categories to the success in the main competitions)
3. MANAGERS (with experience from lower categories to the victory of championships and Champions League)
4. COACHES of National teams (who won the most important titles: European cups, World Championships, Olympic Games)
5. FOUNDERS and MANAGERS of companies
6. MARKETING AND COMMUNICATION CONSULTANTS
7. PLANT MANAGERS of small, medium, large size

There is so much passion in the works examined, but never a PROJECT was professionally defined by QUALIFIED STUDIES.

With particular attention, WATERPOLO PEOPLE examined a survey dated 2001 UNIQUE carried out by a qualified marketing and communication agency (GFK / ASM - SOLVING), commissioned by the Italian Swimming Federation, on the "status" of the Italian water polo.
1000 people were interviewed between spectators (during playoff in Naples and Florence) and phone interviews with viewers aged between 15 and 55.

The survey results are important and still valid for possible changes in regulations, aimed at improving the attractiveness of water polo.

Among the strengths of water polo they have indicated, in relation to the most attractive aspects of the matches: volley, rapid movements in the water, struggle between defense and center forward, tactics and strategies during man up

## A QUALIFIED STUDY ffollowss

They were indicated four interventions aimed at defining a MARKETING PLAN hypothesis (Media-Sponsor-institutions relations), which should have been developed in a professional manner subsequently:

1. MAKE the WATER POLO PRODUCT more attractive improving the HABITAT's format of the events, SPECTACULAR NATURE of the game, TELEVISION FOOTAGE, matches, including other INTERVENTIONS and ELEMENTS that go beyond THE game.
2. INVOLVE the MEDIA, also developing many forms of communication (web platforms), to exhibit the "GREAT BEAUTY" of water polo to as many consumers as possible.
3. PROPOSE the WATER POLO PRODUCT to multinational, national and local SPONSOR/PARTNERS, involving them not only to obtain ECONOMIC RESOURCES, but also to make them part of our sport.
4. SPREAD the practice of water polo in the 5 continents, developing it in the early age groups and involving families and local authorities, with training workshops for managers / promoters, coaches, referees and plant operators. The spread across the 5 continents is a prerequisite to involve multinational companies.

## ARGUMENTS

1. CRITICAL ASPECTS OF WATER POLO
2. STRENGTHS OF WATER POLO
3. IMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONS
4. POOLS AND FIELDS
5. GAP IN TECHNICAL LEVEL
6. HABITAT AND SPECTACULAR NATURE OF THE EVENTS
7. TELEVISION FOOTAGE
8. THE EVENTS' LOGIC
9. RULES AND SHOWS
10. WORKING RELATIONSHIPS

In the WATERPOLO VISION many subjects are known, appear trivial today and difficult to implement, but we expose them because they are the heritage of the passion of world Water polo.

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FINA, the leagues and national federations manage different disciplines of water sports.

Among these, WATER POLO is the one that presents the greatest problems.
$\checkmark$ Aquatic disciplines have different problems, and the only thing they have in common is water, often a bone of contention that, in most cases, penalise water polo.
$\checkmark$ The general lack of facilities that in some areas are few, poorly managed and not used for water polo, the reduced availability of water spaces in them with their high handling costs, the assumption of the swimming ability of the athletes who come to the water polo, the transfers, the equipment, are elements that make the management of the club complex and expensive and, consequently, the spread and practice of water polo than other disciplines..
$\checkmark$ It should be noted, moreover, that the water polo has developed in low-income countries and uncommon or absent in high-income countries. The areas in which, for decades, water polo has developed at the highest levels are those bathed by the Adriatic Sea (former Yugoslavia), by the Aegean Sea (Greece), by the Tyrrhenian Sea (Italy) and by the Mediterranean (Spain) as well as Hungary and Russia. It's present in USA, Australia, France and Romania, but they are few exceptions. The result is a negative aspect of water polo relative to the clear gap in the technical level between national teams that often affect the attractiveness of the matches during the main events.

The reason for the poor development in high-income countries is due to the parents' mentality that, even if they bring their children to water polo in the early age groups, directing them, later on, to engage in the study at the prospect of a working future.
Even the managers fail to convince parents about the possible coexistence of study and sports, because they not have economic resources with which to envisage at least an expense reimbursement adequate to justify the "sacrifice" of the double duty.
Some observe that among the water sports, in SWIMMING champions emerge in both high-income states (China, Japan, Sweden, Brazil, etc.) and in those with low incomes, even without the prospect of a profit; the phenomenon occurs because the STUDY - TRAINING SACRIFICE is borne by a few talented athletes who discover their passion in SWIMMING SCHOOLS that exist in all pools, as source of revenue for operators and Clubs which grant them adequate space.

## CRIIICAL ASPECTS OF WATER POLO [follows]

It would be necessary to promote the culture of our sport, instructing managers / promoters, coaches, referees, facility operators raising passion.

Although the solution of the problems is the task of the institutions, it is essential a commitment, maybe more, by the entire WATER POLO world.

The little spread in the five continents and its problems make difficult to find the financial resources necessary for the development of our sport.
$\checkmark$ Another obvious downside on enhancing the popularity of water polo is little attraction of the HABITAT in which the matches take place, the lack of emotion that many games arouse among the spectators, and often the non-existent involvement of the television viewer, caused by poor visibility of the game for the light reflection on the water, the inadequate preparation of the television footage and sports narrator-commentator tandem which, in most cases, merely make a squalid 'copy and paste' of COMMENTARIES of other sports, carrying out a banal RUNNING COMMENTARY with technical comments sometimes incorrect and incomprehensible to the general public.
$\checkmark$ The current status of water polo contrasts with the large number of competitions that take place and that, often, poorly managed, end up creating problems for countries with developed activities and confusion to reach a spread of our sport that it would be appropriate it had a LOGIC OF EVENTS. In addition to the Olympics, the World Cup and continental championships no events are organized in the main metropolis that can involve a significant number of viewers, as well as to become annual events of "Show Business", by improving the popularity of our sport.

## CRIIICAL ASPECTS OF WATER POLO [follows]

$\checkmark$ The continuous innovations of REGULATIONS are, for the most part, aimed at improving the performance and the widespread of water polo practice. Work on rules often does not get planned results because it is necessary that the innovations have, at the same time, interventions related to the many critical issues listed which, if not checked, make the new regulations not only ineffective, but often create confusion and debates which do not really change anything.
$\checkmark$ In areas where water polo is developed, a considerable effort is required to managers, coaches and athletes. Contracts are concluded that, in some cases, provide considerable remuneration. There are different ranges of fees, often not compared to values, but, almost always, without a type of CONTRACTS that can ensure regular payment and compliance with the formalities that the laws impose in different states. There is not a format that identifies the parties engaged in water polo such as employees, freelancers who, for the most part, are temporary workers who, often, in case of non- payment of fees, end up carrying the water polo in the courts. One of the main difference between PROFESSIONALS and AMATEURS is the management of the released players.

## CRIIICEL ASPECTS OF WATER POLO[ffollows]

$\checkmark$ All critical issues make it difficult establish relations with MEDIA by the institutions, the clubs and the basis. Communication, in our times, lives through television, print media and, in recent years, the web in all its forms. There are individual actions, without coordination, which together with the lack of facilities and the misinformation does not allow media to interact with the world of our sport.
$\checkmark$ Media problem is related to the little appeal that water polo has got towards SPONSORS and PARTNERS. Improving the popularity and the spread of the practice of our sport are a consequence of the ability of the institutions and, consequently, clubs and the base to seek economic resources. The solution of critical issues and in particular the spread of water polo in the five continents and the ability to interact with the media are prerequisites for attracting the interest of multinational, national and local SPONSORS, in some cases, as in other sports occurs, they may be the potential water polo PARTNERS going beyond economics aspects as in events happens.

The CHARM of water polo goes beyond the game and the result.
An anonymous fan wrote:

- "The blue WATER with the YELLOW BALL is joyous and produces sympathy" and, even if it is an element not familiar to many, will involve all if adequately communicated.
- WATER POLO has similarities with FOOTBALL (tactics, strategy, pressure, physical contact, fouls, red cards, penalties, substitutions, goals).
- It recalls the show de LE CIRQUE DU SOLEIL (jumps, sudden movements) and also recalls AQUATIC CIRCUS and the sympathetic similarity to the DOLPHINS, whose evolutions excite because few could imitate.

$\checkmark$ The physicality / health of the ATHLETES swimming - their sudden movements jumps - the fight caught by underwater video cameras - the game in an element strange to many - water splashes - the words - the screams - the sighs taken by topwater video cameras - tactics - the speed of the ball for the goal or for an amazing save by the keeper.Nell'acqua, anche per i bambini, nei primi anni, di attività possono esibirsi con gesti che imitano i grandi campioni.
$\checkmark$ The ATMOSPHERE of the pool excited by the beauty of the bodies practicing a complete sport.
$\checkmark$ WATER POLO is the FIRST team sport entered the OLYMPICS: aspect that may be of interest to companies (EDISON for example) that began their activity at the
$\checkmark$ This is the charm of WATER POLO, which, if properly communicated, shall be able to increase its popularity. This is the GREAT BEAUTY of water polo.


## IMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONS

Under FINA Leadership, TWPC, with the collaboration of FINA COMMISSIONS that may be involved, it will realize a DEVELOPMENT CORE that interacts with LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS with the aim of improving the popularity of water polo in the 5 continents.
FINA also established a COMMISSION that, if deemed useful, may interface with the CORE DEVELOPMENT
It will be necessary the collaboration of a qualified COMMUNICATION AND MARKETING AGENCY and potential collaborations with QUALIFIFIED EXPERTS of our sport in order better to interact with MEDIA, SPONSORS/PARTNERS and ISTITUTIONS.

## IMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONSffrolowsI



AGENZIA DI COMUNICAZIONE E MARKETING

QUALIFICATE PROFESSIONALITÀ DELLA WATERPOLO

COMMISSIONE
TECNICA FINA

FINA Technical

Committee

## TEAM

## NUCLEI <br>  DI SVILUPPO

Development Cores

Continental LEGHE Leagues CONTINENTALI

Marketing and
Communicatio
n Agency


National Federations

## IIMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONSffololows]

They will have to organize WORKSHOPS where identifying persons to whom to give proper training, constantly monitoring them, for the following activities::

1. Assume a DEVELOPMENT PROJECT;
2. Found Clubs, managing the administration and relations with employees;
3. Identify a responsible for communication to promote relationships with local authorities, media, sponsors;
4. Identify potential coaches, sports trainers, referees, setting up courses for their training, in collaboration with sports doctors;
5. Develop the practice of WATER POLO in the first age groups, involving families, facility operators and swimming schools;
6. Search the help of computer systems and web platforms;
7. Plan the organization of events, with particular attention to the habitat of the pools, the spectacular nature of the games and the television footage;
8. Research experts to the eventual management of facilities and for the supply of equipment and technologies;
9. In the event that you build a pool, identify professionals can develop a suitable project to WATER POLO.

In 2015 it began the trial of the game (World League) in fields $25 \times 20-7$ players and in the same year, it was held Under 20 World Championship in fields $25 \times 20-6$ players. The matches played so far have obtained by technicians and professionals is growing interest.
The experimentation was carried out also in the past. These decisions prompted debate and, we think, that had different motivations.

We think it is useful to consider the different aspects and purposes of these changes as we believe that they are closely related to other issues for the development of the popularity. The choice to play the WATERPOLO in 25 mt . POOLS / FIELDS and in alternative spaces, it should be as an important result the spread of water polo in the five continents.

1. It will be useful to play in 25 m pools in order to spread water polo throughout the world, but it's necessary to make an INVENTORY to know the number of 25 m POOLS and 50 m or 33 ONES in 5 Continents, describing the location, ownership, management, what disciplines use them, the width, the length, the depth, the facilities and the seats.
2. We think that the reduction of the gap of the TECHNICIAN LEVEL it will not get just by making the most developed nations play in 25m FIELDS / POOLS, but it results from complex interventions that we assume later in DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.
3. The variations of the playing field will not be important to spectators because they do not perceive the measures. Improving the SPECTACLE of the game will increase with complex interventions (identified later in the PROJECT DEVELOPMENT). It should be mentioned, however, that the 25 m POOLS have a small number of SEATS and limited SERVICES.

- Per migliorare la popolarità della waterpolo nel mondo, tra le diverse iniziative, pensiamo si debba promuovere nei 5 continenti l'organizzazione di eventi riservati alle prime fasce d'età, nelle aree dove la waterpolo è poco sviluppata o assente.
- Coordinando tali eventi, si dovranno organizzare durante il torneo, WORKSHOP con la partecipazione di nazioni e club di aree limitrofe, per ricercare e formare potenziali dirigenti/promoter, tecnici, arbitri e gestori di impianti.
- With the purpose to overcome the lack of spaces in the pools and the distrust of the managers existing against water polo, it can promote "WATER POLO IN LANE". In a lane 12 children can begin THE GAME OF THE BALL IN WATER with 4 goal posts organizing WATER POLO SCHOOLS with profitable revenues for the manager, more than the swimming lessons that often have a significant abandonment rate unlike WATER POLO schools.
- They will be involved potential managers, in some cases, the founders of the club and PARENTS, the latter are those bring their children in the early age groups and are an important source that can develop the great river of WATER POLO.
- In '94 in Rome, in the first FINA SEMINAR, it was presented the project AQUAGOL in inflatable fields of different sizes, floating in any body of water.
- In the same year, it was held the BEACH WATER POLO World Championship that had a considerable success, but che ebbe un notevole successo, but it did not continue for the lack of institutions. Water polo was also played in 10 AQUAGOL fields placed in a 50 m POOL with posizionati in una PISCINA 50 with great enthusiasm and public participation (Città di Castello).
- In areas where water polo does not exist or is poorly developed, to arouse interest and enthusiasm of potential fans, it should appropriate to arrange MASTER championshipsanche even in 25m POOLS, creating the prerequisites for developing interest in practicing water polo.
- SEA, LAKES, BODY OF WATER, WATER PARKS, TOURIST RESORTS LAGHI are alternative spaces to the pools
- Playing with SIMPLE RULES, as occurs in other sports, people of any age and gender may be involved, as long as they can swim, but it will always be essential to give particular attention to the practice of water polo in the early age groups, because families will be involved.

Among countries of DIFFERENT INCOME, the technical level of water polo (male and female) and the spread of and the dissemination of the practice are very different and not uniformly present in the five continents. Our evaluation of the technical level is brief and may be inaccurate:

## HIGH RANGE

> HUNGARY, CROATIA, ITALY, SERBIA, MONTENEGRO, SPAIN, GREECE, RUSSIA, THE UNITED STATES, AUSTRALIA and recently CHINA, NETHERLANDS, FRANCE and ROMANIA where, however, water polo is uncommon in their areas.
MIDDLE RANGE
> GERMANY, CANADA, BRAZIL
MID/LOW RANGE
> KAZAKHSTAN, JAPAN, TURKEY, NEW ZEALAND, BULGARIA, ARGENTINA, CHILE, PERU, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES, SOUTH AFRICA and many more

## LOW RANGE TO IDENTIFY

- In this range, as in the other ones, it is indispensable to improve the technical level, resulting form the development of water polo in order to broaden the interest of media and, consequently, start relationships with multinational Sponsors, many of which are interested in associating their image to activities taking place in the five continents.
- Among the causes of the gap in the technical level we showed in "CRITICAL ASPECTS OF WATER POLO" the reasons for the little practice of water polo by young people in high-income countries. The problems of the diffusion of water polo and the development of technical level are INTERDIPENDENT to each other. They can solve in a SYSTEM, spreading the practice of water polo in the world, able to cover the difference in technical level .
- Checking relations with the IOC, we could differentiate the activities creating SILVER WATER POLO. It will be an activity, with rules to be defined, in countries that develop the practice and the technical level, training managers, coaches and referees. In SILVER WATER POLO it is possible to arrange NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS and, then, CONTINENTAL TOURNAMENTS.
- NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP WINNERS (and/or runners-up and/or third placed teams) will advance to CONTINENTAL TOURNAMENTS in their "own geographical areas" where the qualified teams can obtain the right to participate in GOLD WATERPOLO
- Before participating in GOLD WATERPOLO, SILVER WATERPOLO, WINNERS continuing the activity in their areas, they must be engaged in a preparatory year. In this period will participate in CAMPS, for a period appropriate to the training of managers, technicians and referees.
- SYSTEM will create problems to define memberships to GOLD and SILVER. If system is developed, however, it will prevent the participation of different technical level teams in major events and promote the spread of water polo in the world together with the promotion of the game of ball in water in alternative spaces.
- It should also be noted that the gap in the technical level between countries is also reflected on the number of referees who have sufficient experience to conduct important matches. Although there are excellent referees in countries where water polo is not evolved, it is often forced to designate "neutral referees" who have not had the chance to train properly because in their countries there is not an activity at a high level.
- In order to be able to improve the popularity of water polo we think it is important to set up an attractive and pleasant HABITAT for the public, to carry out an enchanting spectacle even with hypotheses of innovative rules and including events that go beyond the game, having television coverage that develop the interest of viewers, media and sponsors.
- The PERFORMANCE of the event arouses excitement in order to retent the spectators and, later, viewers.
- We must lay down strict rules in order to respect the APPLICATION of habitat's FORMATS. They are prerequisites to trigger the interest of MEDIA and, consequently, SPONSORS.


# IIMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONS [follows] waterpole peopre ${ }^{\circ}$ HABITAT AND SPECTACULAR NATURE OF THE EVENTS 

The FORMAT of HABITAT, adequate to attract spectators and media, would include:

- pools with at least 800 seats with adequate lightning system.
- parking, bar / snack areas, corners for sponsors and fundraising for humanitarian/ environmental associations, adequate sanitation plant.
- merchandising to promote water polo.
- at least 7 mt . poolside.
- cleaning the poolside by eliminating residual equipment.
- decency of the benches and occupants' clothing.
- press room with connection, average space on poolside, interview area.
- fenced-in authority stand, adequate space for award ceremonies (special effects)
- coloured referee platforms branding the central area.
- led lights on the bottom of the pool in correspondence of the pins that mark the playing area.
- lighting effects, sounds and music that work for goals, intervals, timeout, and more.
- mega video (which can replace the electronic scoreboard) for the forwarding of advertising messages, data relating to the match and entertainment
- Video on the official table for possible replay if introduced the rule existing in basketball and in the near future in football and volleyball in order to verify doubtful situations at the request of the teams.
- the field will be small and cozy bounded on 4 sides by advertising space, electronic billboards at least on 3 sides, even beyond 30 mt ., without break in continuity.
- floats on the short sides next to lanes that marks the end zone in 50 mt pools or in front of the starting blocks in 33 and 25 pools.
- if there are no sponsors, exposure of logos of humanitarian / environmental associations.
- computerization of the jury by electronic signals.
- Music with excellent sound..
- Preparation of referees' microphones.

At least $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ of the tips could easily be met by club officials and event organizers.

Waterpolo People ${ }^{\left({ }^{( }\right)}$
PROPORRE E COLLABORARE



## IMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONS [follows] Watemolo roone HABITAT AND SPECTACULLAR NATURE OF THE EVENTS

- For the possible construction of new pools, there is a preliminary plan draft of WATERPOLO STADIUM that has many of the features required by the HABITAT FORMAT.
- The PROJECT provides a multipurpose pool (suitable for swimming), the reduction of operating costs, and many other services.
- The cost of a WATERPOLO STADIUM, to be built in the important event venues, could be sustained for a part by a FINA support (which would receive contributions from sponsors and the IOC) and, for the remaining amount, by the AUTHORITIES of the cities where the event takes place, because the property would remain to them.


## WATERPOLO STADIUM

WATERPOLO STADIUM is a project of Studio Architects Gianmarco (giamma@tin.it) with sporting experiences in plant linked to environmental protection and management of alternative energy.
The work was required the architects by G. Pomilio who described them the significant aspects of water polo with particular attention to the functionality of the competitive level, the show, facility construction costs and operating costs and it was delivered free of charge to WATERPOLO DEVELOPMENT whose president was Pomilio.
WATERPOLO STADIUM is a multipurpose facility designed to be a gathering place of various sports that revolve around the main pool.
It's a structure designed for major events, is equipped with special spaces reserved to the jury, journalists, cameramen, sponsors and VIP area. In order to make the best use of the natural light has been studied a large skylight over the pool (the overhead light promotes the visual comfort of the players, the public and enhances shooting by eliminating the reflections on the water).

## WATERPOLO STADIUM

Total Area -48000 sqm with gardens and parking 1000 parking spaces
Covered Area - 7500sqm
Seats - 2500
Pool $25 \times 35 \mathrm{mt}$ with pontoon for space division
Pool 25x12,5 mt
4 interchangeable indoor courts (basket-tennis-volley-futsal)
Gym - 750sqm
Changing rooms - 360sqm
Management and Administrative Offices 115sqm
Conference Room with 100 seats
Wider area for public access and reception VIP Area
Guest house 20 double rooms with bath
Restaurant / bar and pleasure zone area 250 sqm Infirmary
Staff changing rooms with bathrooms 32 sqm
Sporting goods shop 62 mq


750sqm solar panels for hot water production 750sqm photovoltaic panels
COST: 4.5 / 5.5 MILLION EXCLUDED COST LAND

As a decent habitat attracts and retains the audience, considering the limited number of seats in the pools, it will be appropriate to improve the spectacle of the matches that's essential in view of the television coverage.

The SPECTACLE of the event creates excitement and thrills the audience, that the "word of mouth" can expand the number of people involved in our sport. Adapting to the spectacle format will be difficult, but indispensable in the most important events, especially when the event will be televised or streamed, since they are the most important means to improve the popularity of water polo.

An appropriate format should guarantees a careful examination of The assumptions concerning changes in some of the rules designed to improve the spectacle of the matches and should include:

- the collaboration of a director / scenographer/ screenwriter to tell the viewer, enhancing it, "The Tale of GREAT BEAUTY" of water polo.
- eliminate the reflection of the lights which in most cases makes difficult the visibility of the game both for the spectators, for referees and even more in the television footage.
- increase the length of matches (see basketball and volleyball).
- provide information to the public with a speaker who is also an entertainer and not a reader.
- equip referees with a microphone to explain some decisions..
- broadcast on the mega video installed in the pool information, advertisement, images of the city, play, champions, statistics, graphics explanation of game plans, replays to highlight some situations or for any protest.
- color the referees' uniforms (the dominant figure captured by TV) to make them more attractive, providing space for sponsors on the uniforms themselves.
- provide ball boys behind the goals, adding them to animation.
- attractive uniform for the midfield basket handler and realized in order to better visualize the sponsor's logo and make attractive the time of the contest / sprint..
- prepare hostess for guests / public for the accommodation of the spectators
- emit music, sound and light in the most important moments (goals, intervals, timeout, etc.).
- delivered at the entrance, to the public, materials (jerseys, scarves, inflatables, balloons, etc.) that color the grandstands improving the choreography.
- in all events to return to the use of the yellow ball (fluorescent): The water polo was the only team sport that used the yellow ball
- present athletes in swimsuit, without caps, behind sponsor billboards, and accompanied by children of different ethnic backgrounds with yellow balls in their hands connecting teams for a moment of fair play.
- increase the duration of the timeout to 2 minutes and to get players out the water placing them behind sponsor billboards. The coaches will now have adequate time to give instructions to players
- create a unique mascot for any event diversifying it with the colors of club logo or the flags of the country where the event takes place.
- liven up the show, before and during the match, with cheerleaders, mascots, synchronised swimmers, skill games as in other sports.
- Make players wear fluorescent caps (fuchsia, yellow, orange, green are the most visible colors) to identify them .The color helps to personalize the teams.
- allow athletes to choose their favorite number from 1 to 99 : the numerical identification of a champion by a child (and even by adults) make it possible to increase the athlete memorisation and retention to the number of the cap (see Maradona, Ronaldo, Totti, Messi).
- charge the ticket (even $1 €$ ) and give invitations with stub to be collected for statistics.

They are ideas that, as for the habitat format, require often unsustainable commitments, but at least $30 \%$ of events (limited number of rules defined for each game) should be made by the organizers.

The respect of the format would be more feasible if there were severe sanctions for defaulting (penalty points in the league table or exclusion in important events).

AS ABOVE STATED, SUCH ADVICE ALSO REQUIRES A CHANGE OF RULES. ANY INNOVATION RELATED TO THE RULES OF THE GAME, BEFORE TO MAKE IT OFFICIAL, WILL BE TESTED ON THE SPECTATOR IN EVENTS OF LESSER IMPORTANCE TO DETERMINE THE REAL IMPROVEMENT OF THE SPECTACLE.

- As for HABITAT and SPECTACLE NATURE of the matches, it is difficult to apply a FORMAT of the TELEVISION FOOTAGE but suggestions are needed for important events and, in any case, even if applied in part, will enhance the image of water polo. A shot, if NOT ATTRACTIVE and if does not exalt the strengths of the water polo, can create lack of intereste and DAMAGES to the image (it better does not have TV coverage). In order to improve the POPULARITY of water polo would be necessary:

1. Eliminate the REFLECTION OF THE LIGHTS on the water that does not allow visibility to spectators, referees and even more to viewers, if the match is captured by TV. Making the show visible to viewers means to make them understand the "GREAT BEAUTY" and retain to our sport.
2. In order too avoid the light reflection, it could apply 4 powerful light sources from the side of the television footage, turning off the other lights; the headlights would cover the poolside and only service lights remain lit up in the stands; the cost for the application of the light sources may not be excessive. Where it is not possible to apply such light sources, it should be assumed the use of: fixed or sliding cameras to be placed at the sides of the ceiling, boom mikes and drones or movable structures on which to place the cameras to reduce the beam reflection lights on the water.

- You should be able to get an adequate BROADGASTING which provides:
> director with assistant, to whom it must be given adequate information along with the sports narrator and commentator to avoid images often unnecessary and manage the replay in the best way
> Back - goal cameras
> two cameramen on grandstand side (just shooting spaces with public and avoiding empty ones)
> a cameraman on opposite side (just shooting spaces with public and avoiding empty ones)
$>$ HIGH DEFINITION cameras and equipment
> a cameraman to shoot topwater
> an underwater cameraman
$>$ a video- audio mixer
$>$ adequate facilities for fixed cameras
$>$ a chief technician
- The structure of the BROADCASTING shall inspect well in advance the location of the occurrence and deal with existing services.
- The DIRECTOR, relating in advance with the event organizers will have to know the schedule with all the steps of the match and with qualified experts of water polo to be informed of the rules.
- Often, in the current times, the director broadcasts player feints without shooting the goal post which is then framed both in the case of goal and save by the keeper
- It will be appropriate to recommend to the cameraman and the director to shoot during the match advertising electronic billboards that today are often "cut" in game shots.
- In order to make the most articulate and engaging transmission it would be useful to provide narrators and commentators ample information (club stories, national stories, statistics, player histories, stories of water polo, info on champions, event info site, info personalities present); They would offer, as well, emotions that go beyond the words of the commentator, often forced to duplicate the story of the TV narrator and make interviews after the match less obvious.

The application of the FORMAT meets different problems in the large number of events that, to date, in the official activity occur an annually, biennially and very four years. A non-exhaustive and inaccurate list provides:

## FINA EVENTS

> OLYMPIC GAMES
$>$ WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS A and B
> WORLD LEAGUE
$>$ FINA CUP
$\rightarrow$ CONTINENTAL CHAMPIONSHIPS
$>$ QUALIFYING TOURNAMENTS
$>$ YOUTH CHAMPIONSHIPS
$>$ PAN-ASIAN, PAN-AMERICAN, PAN-AFRICAN GAMES
CONTINENTAL EVENTS
UNIVERSIADE - MEDITERRANEAN GAMES- COMEN CUP-LATIN CUP
NATIONAL EVENTS ( NATIONAL CAMPIONSHIPS/CUPS AND YOUTH CHAMPIONSHIPS)

- Quite apart from the assumption of realizing GOLD / SILVER WATER POLO, in order to improve the image of events and attract the public, media and sponsors it could be suitable to diversify the types and, if appropriate, reduce their numbers. They are often organized important events in locations where water polo is poorly developed and there is not a high technical level.
- Today they are forced to choose locations in relation to the organizer's willingness to bear the costs of the event in the hope that it will occur the spread of the practice and improvement of the technical level.
- o date in Australia, Asia, Africa and America water polo has not spread and the technical level is not improved even if in those continents were held major events.
- It is important that it keeps on finding locations available to bear the costs of the organization of events, but it will be even more important if, before, during and after the event, in those locations it is given qualified support to develop the practice and the level technical by forming managers, coaches and referees.
- It should be appropriate to PLAN a SCHEDULE of activities in 5 continents with a LOGIC that has a balance among the activities of FINA, the LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS with dates throughout the year to maintain the AUDIENCE constant.
- Often there is an intense activity in Europe, which creates problems in federations and clubs.
- In Europe they could organize, in countries where water polo is uncommon, at least some stages of championships and tournaments. $n$ these States, moreover, they may develop events with an APPEAL, resulting from appropriate professional organization.
- It means affecting the SPONSOR through MEDIA communication that will be active only for the size and the best image of water polo..
- Other sports have realized that the popularity increases organizing some important events (Final Cups, European and World Championships) in LOCATIONS with GREAT TOURIST FLOWS.
- An event, held in a FAMOUS SQUARE (Piazza San Pietro) or in EVOCATIVE AREAS (Tour Eiffel), would spread the image of the water polo, but, even more, is an important element in the relationships with media and sponsors. Events were held in different spaces from the usual: Volley-Paris (Eiffel Tower), SwimmingBerlin (Velodrom), European Water Polo Championship-Vienna (Prater, soccer stadium), Tennis-Naples (Caracciolo Seafront), 2016 Water Polo Championship (BELGRADE Kombank Arena), 1994 Water polo World Championship (Rome Foro Italico - tennis fields) and others.
- In such events (lasting 2-3 days), before, during and after the games, there may be personalities of the show and areas reserved for sponsors to make it an important media event.
- Given the unique characteristics of event, the FACILITIES COSTS ( 33 mt . prefabricated pool, stands of at least 5,000 seats, etc.) will be supported by sponsors and host city authorities.



Waterpolo People ${ }^{(8)}$
proporre e collaborare


Only out of respect for the people who have produced a considerable flow of suggestions we indicate some proposals that will also have positive aspects but these must be assessed very carefully. We list these tips::
a) Bring the 2 mt line to 3 mt . and the 5 meter line, to 7 mt . ?
b) Suppose the elimination of zone defense ?
c) Reintroduce CORNER in case of touch by the defender
d) eliminate the pressing in $5 / 7 \mathrm{mt}$. avoiding the defender exceed 5 or 7 meters. It would allow the forward to take a "volley" without feints, because this gesture is spectacular
e) Whereas transfers of teams from one goal post to another are not spectacular (except for rare counter-attacks), it should increase the residence time of the attack varying it from 30 to 40 seconds?
f) increase the time of the expulsion, because the numerical advantage is perceived by the public as interesting tactic / strategy?
g) Force the center forward to get out of the 7 mt . line after obtaining the expulsion of defender and forbidding him to receive the ball before it has been made a switch to another player?
h) when some teams do not play with the center forward but, as in basketball, develop the attack with the movement often occur obstructions to the movement that must be punished by expulsion.?
proporre e collaborare

## IMPROVMENT ASSUMPTIONS [follows

- The reference to other sports, do not often consider that the water polo takes place in water.
- In our sport, the emotion of the audience, unlike football, most of the time, has a constant trend not high. In some matches the spectators get excited in time of goals and get inflamed at the end only when the outcome is uncertain. The phenomenon could be due the high number of goals and consequently should be reduced the number of goals. (?)
- In football emotion grows steadily and the adrenaline reaches its maximum at the time of the goal, decreasing and going up when a free kick is beaten, in which there is an expulsion and waiting for another goal.
- If the spectacle is related to adrenaline-growth, it could narrow down the size of goal posts, decreasing, perhaps, the gap of the technical level (?). If the opposite were true, they could enlarge the size.
- Hypotheses to be tested very carefully.
- FINA often asks TECHNICAL COMMISSIONS (FINA, LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS) to formulate NEW RULES aimed at improving the show.
- The valuable work of the COMMISSIONS, as well as to train influential COMMISSIONERS ad qualify INTERNATIONAL REFEREES, when it proposes rules aimed at increasing the attractiveness of the show, should take place with an ITER PROPER.
- The Technical Commissions, in proposing new rules, should confront each other by informing the Club, and also discussing with important coaches who, often suggest innovations useful only to the type of play of their teams.
- For every new rule it will check the REAL UTILITY of the innovation by carrying out by a PROFESSIONAL RESEARCH STRUCTURE a qualified survey that verifies the satisfaction of public expectations.


## FINA



ANNOUNCEMENT

## Rules and show

- The survey results on INNOVATIONS, submitted to FINA, if accepted, will become the official rulesi. As mentioned, the innovations will impose the resolution of issues relating to the critical status of water polo
- With the results of the investigation, it is possible to avoid constant arguments, often inappropriate and, probably, the game would increase its attractiveness, as well as the loyalty of the audience.
- It would be useful, in the important events and, if possible, in every meeting, COMMISSIONERS, sent by the TECHNICAL COMMITTEES, collaborated and monitored COMPLIANCE WITH THE RULES OF FORMAT.
- For non-compliance of the FORMAT and not justified by force majeure, it should apply strict SANCTIONS.
- It would be equally useful that COMMISSIONERS checked, well in advance, a place by meeting the event organizers to solve any problems and, if the location is not adequate to held the event in order to improve the popularity of water polo, it is suitable to propose an alternative site.
- Previously we received some tips, but their eventual usefulness will also be aimed at other aspects, not related to the innovations of the rules.

The new rules could aim at:
a) Reducing the gap in technical level among different countries;
b) Optimizing the use of water areas;
c) improving the Habitat of events, increasing the spectacle of the game and the quality of television footage;
d) Simplifying the understanding of the game because complicated rules do not often care to the most viewers, but they are only a bone of contention between technicians and referees;
e) Facilitating the work of the referees reducing the possibility of errors due to different interpretations;
f) Facilitating the work of media and especially the commentators that often fail to explain the decision of the referees;
g) Facilitating, with diversified operations, the search for economic resources.
h) promoting and spreading the practice and popularity of water polo in the 5 continents considering the problem of shortage of facilities;

- According to many water polo of OTHER TIMES, based on movement and on inspiration of some champions, it was MORE SPECTACULAR. Today, often, the referees forget a rule never changed: "the player without possession of the ball may not be hindered by physical contact."
- Water polo, like other sports, has developed a game based on PHYSICAL CONTACT it should avoid because often violent.
- Only NOT - VIOLENT FIGHT, between center forward and defender, fair and well managed by referees, it could be allowed because, together with the speed, jumps, shots, feints, tactic / strategy is an aspect that excites the audience.
- The rule "corner valid only if the ball is touched by the goalkeeper", has made the teams move unnecessarily, but has not made spectacle more attractive.
- Most of the proposing new rules are incurred by taking the examples of what happens in basketball, in American football, rugby and hockey. They recall the speed, capacity, physical contact, tactics and strategies.
- In order to enhance the important relationship with athletes, coaches and collaborators it will be essential to seek ECONOMIC RESOURCES, by promoting water polo with "diversified interventions."
- With adequate resources it can create interest and Enthusiasm in Club and Base committing them to envisage remuneration for athletes, coaches, staff and persuading the parents of athletes of the first age groups to understand that the STUDY - SPORT sacrifice is possible.
- The future of our sport, though, will depend on major events that offer economic resources even in countries where water polo is not developed.
- It is also worth considering that earning prospects also create the anomaly of coexistence between AMATEURISM and PROFESSIONALISM, which is evident, in particular, in the rules of RELEASE (various in different institutions).
- It should define a single regulation valid everywhere..
- CONTRACTS related to the rights and duties among athletes, coaches, managers and employees with the clubs should be regularized, if they provide FEES.
- Today there is a custom of ECONOMIC AGREEMENTS defined both in item and content in poorly made contracts. Often, when they are disobeyed, it ends up in the courts. should define a STANDARD CONTRACT, in accordance with the laws of each State, assured by bank GUARANTEES and deposited in the NATIONAL FEDERATION..
- Initially problems will exist, but it emerges from the anomaly.
- The institutions should collaborate with COMMUNICATION AND MARKETING AGENCIES and, supported by their press offices, should interact with media, treat external relations and the static / dynamic communication.
- The interest of Media will be the decisive intervention to increase the AUDIENCE and the approach to the SPONSORS.
- In the Communication it will be appropriate to define our discipline only "WATER POLO" and not Pallanuoto, Wasserball, Vizilabda or other, to avoid trivial as unpleasant confusion with other sports in its memorisation.
- Special effort should be dedicated to WEB which also involved our sport with which, however, fails to grasp the great opportunities that this immense "New World" of communication offers.
- There is not a careful management of the STREAMING and, when it exists, few people are aware.
- There is no BOOK OF WATERPOLO telling the history of the sport from the birth to the present day (there are only in a limited number incomplete stories of some countries), to be updated every year and translated into several languages. It will be a necessary tool to start the relationship with media and sponsors. It must be built an ARCHIVE containing photos, videos and stories of Federations, Club and champions creating the image of HEROE/STAR to be promoted in all events, to be sent to all operators of communication and to be propose to the periodicals' editors and general television.
- As previously mentioned, if, at the beginning of each season, all operators in the INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL COMMUNICATION, were updated on water polo, as well as increasing its popularity, it would allow MEDIA, especially local ones, to fill space, to national and international sports narrators to make more complex and engaging transmission and commentators to offer emotions that go beyond the technical support and less repetitive interviews.
- With a sustainable cost it could acquire a frequency/TV channel totally dedicated to water polo in English and/or with other sports as billiards, poker, horse riding, monster truck, where it can also see the presence of international sponsors, despite not having the popularity of other sports such as tennis, basketball, volleyball, etc...
- It might have, as well as the financial support of a sponsor, the opportunity to join in other minor sports to amortize the cost of the intervention, spreading news, pictures, events and promoting the image of athletes / stars.
- It would be particularly interesting and definitely attractive to the first age groups to realize a VIDEOGAME that with an affordable cost, could be conveyed both in the video game circuit and, as merchandising, gave / sold in the centers where the practice of e water polo will be widespread
- The media interest, as well as with the application of format and with other interventions, could also be caused by another intervention: on the occasion of important exhibitions, fairs, festivals, although the sectors are not related to the sport, but that have a free and strong participation of families, it could install WATERPOLO INFO - POINT to raise interest with videos, printed materials and gadgets. The cost could be borne by sponsors or, if venues of important water polo events, by the organizers. It would widen the interest in wate rpolo even for those who do not has ever come close to this sport, improving its popularity.
- Sponsorships depends on the relationship between investment and size of the target to which the water polo manages to communicate its strengths and the image of the sponsor.
- The report is called "CONTACT COST" which decreases with increasing audience.
- A multinational corporation supports sport if:

1. in the activity and in any event, its image has excellent visibility;
2. the activities and events are communicated and disseminated by the media with adequate quantity and quality throughout the year;
3. the sport is practiced and spread throughout the world.

- Currently the sponsors of water polo are EQUIPMENT PROVIDERS, and only in a few cases, there are multinationals operating in other sectors.
- Clubs have sponsors active in their area or obtained for friendly relationships
- Arouse the interest of MULTINATIONAL SPONSORS of consumer sectors for FINA, LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS it would improve the image of the water polo, awaking the interest of potential sponsors for CLUB and BASE which will get benefits to develop our business and improve the technical level by spreading the practice.
- MULTINATIONALS are close to the world of sports in sectors such as aerospace, electronics, telephony, energy, food, insurance, finance, car and many others which, in the near future, could be involved by water polo.
- Particular attention to the strengths of water polo could occur by the GREEN ECONOMY (water element) and the New Economy as Multinationals are interested in youth events - Coca Cola (mini basketball), Danone (football) Red Bull (extreme sports) and many other major brands.
- It could propose to the sponsor a PARTNERSHIP that not only give financial support, but it could be useful in improving the popularity.
- It should guarantee to the SPONSOR PARTNER events, locations, dates, times, ATHLETES / STARS to be inserted in commercials, stories to create a CONSTRUCTIVE PATH, that does not mean subservience, but an ethical relationship in the "DO UT DES" in a virtuous triangle SPORT - MEDIA - SPONSOR.
- If exist the WATERPOLO COMMUNITY and is born WATERPOLO SMILE, it can catch the interest of some major ETHICAL COMPANIES that are part of an association, to adhere to which it must adhere to strict ethical rules. With these businesses it will be a POINT OF CONVERGENCE that has meaning in the search for sponsorship for the all of water polo CHAIN with a CO-MARKETING action.


## No

 dissemination in 5 continentsNo spectacle

No show business

No
communication

No sponsor

## NO DIFFUSIONE NEI 5 CONTINENTI

## $\square$

NO SPETTACOLARITA'


NO SHOW BUSINESS


## NO COMUNICAZIONE



NO SPONSOR


NO FUTURO

No future

## THE NEW WORLD Waterpolo Community

- In the future, our world will see the realization of the Vision that repays the commitment of all in a NEW CULTURE of water polo.
- The universe of our sport will be the WATERPOLO COMMUNITY which brings together in a "COMMON PATH" FINA, the LEAGUES, the FEDERATIONS, the CLUBS, the FESTIVALS dedicated to children, the BEACH WATERPOLO, the Base, the WATERPOLO SMILE and other realities.
- With the INVOLVEMENT of children , families, athletes, coaches, managers, co-workers, sports promotion organizations, schools, public institutions, humanitarian and environmental associations, international organizations, media and sponsors, the water polo will have a NEW DIMENSION.
- It can compose an ANTHEM to be presented in a GOLDEN GALA during a WATERPOLO DAY and to be spread in any event and, if possible, in the promos and before the television programmes.



## THE NEW WORLD Waterpolo Smile

- Supporting humanitarian and environmental associations with FUNDRAISING, during events both minor and of great importance and on all other occasions, it means acquiring an ETHICAL DIMENSION, as done by other sports, which gives it a VALUE ADDED to water polo.
- It could generate the WATERPOLO SMILE, a Foundation which collects funds to take care of the less fortunate children of the third world.



## WATER POLO PRODUCT

- The SPREAD of water polo in the five continents, the HABITAT of the events, the spectacle of the games, the CHARM of a television filming, WATER POLO COMMUNITY, the WATER POLO SMILE, together with countless other STRENGTHS, could build PRODUCT WATER POLO to propose to MEDIA and present to SPONSOR.
- This will make it possible to involve, with the "GREAT BEAUTY", partners able to offer a media support and, consequently, economic, motivated by water polo APPEAL. Financial resources are being searched for, useful to FINA, the LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS but indispensable to the base for resolving the important problems discussed above.
- Additional support may be obtained by OLYMPIC SOLIDARITY that for YOUTH / SPORT PROJECTS ,
 grants contributions as, with different procedures, it is possible in the EUROPEAN COMMUNITY.
- After the evaluation of the critical aspects, the strengths and potential improvements the guidelines would be defined for a SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, which, under the leadership of FINA with TWPC and FINA commission deemed useful and with the collaboration of a qualified MULTINATIONAL AGENCY OF COMMUNICATION AND MARKETING, evaluated the STATUS of the water polo, it is possible to see the start of a virtuous path for the improvement of our sport.
- A comparison with QUALIFIED PERSONALITIES OF WATER POLO WORLD will be useful to create a constructive relationship that can give an important contribution of human resources supporting the work of the institutions
- In the difficult and demanding task OBSTACLES could be met also unexpected and, in a first step, many suggestions will not be actualized.
- LONG TIME will take to search for economic resources and to overcome the obstacle of DIFFICULT RELATIONS with THE PRESENT SYSTEM.
- In order to realize the assumptions on the evolution it is necessary to be convinced that in water polo there are OPPORTUNITIES and HUMAN RESOURCES able to face and overcome obstacles that now seem insurmountable.
- Many observations and developing proposals of WATERPOLO VISION seem UTOPIAS, but may be true if it manages to involve the whole world in our sport.



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Water polo DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, with the coordination of Gabriele Pomilio, stems from the contents of WATER POLO VISION, an X-ray on the status of water polo in the world, presented in Naples in the workshop of 21 June, 2014 and organized by WATERPOLO PEOPLE, Non-profit Association, founded by important and qualified personalities of water polo.
It's a HYPOTHESIS DEVELOPMENT the contents of which can be useful for a constructive dialogue with the institutions, because they are hypotheses developed in respect and sharing the important work carried out by FINA, CONTINENTAL LEAGUES and NATIONAL FEDERATIONS and aims at searching for human and economic resources for the dissemination of the practice of water polo.

TWPC, after reviewing the WATERPOLO VISION and DEVELOPMENT PROJECT and, if deems useful/necessary to have clarifications and discuss the issues and actions, it may request a meeting with WATERPOLO PEOPLE that's available, also providing useful material for comparison

In order to realize a DEVELOPMENT PROJECT it is important that FINA, under its LEADERSHIP, establishes a TEAM, formed by TWPC with possible collaborations by FINA COMMISSIONS and WATER POLO QUALIFIED EXPERTS.
It will need to identify a qualified COMMUNICATION AND MARKETING AGENCY which firmly dedicate itself to the consultation in defining the guidelines of the Project and to the important relationship with SPONSOR and MEDIA, interacting with them.
Later DEVELOPMENT CORE will must be established in LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS to build a virtuous relationship with CLUBS and BASE.

## ORCANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

For the establishment of CORES and the identification of the topics to define the guidelines of the Project, MEETINGS will be arranged dedicated to the training of collaborators. QUESTIONNAIRES will be useful to program, to be sent previously to the people of affected areas to get a DATABASE that counts your TEAM the status of water polo in different areas.
INFORMATION MATERIALS and a COMPUTER SYSTEM will be produced and built for facilitating relations between the various parties.
It is a hypothesis that requires considerable effort, but it will be essential that the solution of many problems to be tackled and resolved by CLUBS and BASE.


COMMUNICATION AND MARKETIN AGENCY

WATER POLO QUALIFI ED PERSON ALITIES

## DEVELOPMENT

 CORES DI SVILUPPOCONTINENTAL LEAGUES

LEGHE CONTINENTALI


NATIONAL FEDERATIONS

Starting from the analysis of WATER POLO status on five continents, the Action Plan provides for the formulation of an appropriate intervention strategy aimed at:

1. making WATER POLO more attractive developing HABITAT's format, SHOW, SHOOTING TELEVISION and providing MEASURES beyond the game.
2. Communicating adequately the "GREAT BEAUTY" of WATER POLO to as many people as possible, with the support of media (TV, radio, web, streaming)
3. being able to SELL "WATER POLO" product to multinational, national and local SPONSORS.
4. solving at appropriate times and in the best possible ways the problems relative to all other CRITICAL aspects highlighted in WATERPOLO VISION
5. spreading WATER POLO across five continents promoting activities in the early age groups involving families and institutions
It is essential that the TEAM shares, strategies, developing them in the operation steps, co-working to create DEVELOPMENT CORES in LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS, in order to build a virtuous relationship with CLUBS.

## ACTION PIAN Ithluwe

It is the task of the DEVELOPMENT CORES to find, train and / or inform people who already work in WATER POLO and others who are not part of our world but with whom it's possible establish valid collaborations, although they come from different backgrounds:
$\checkmark$ Executives / Promoters
$\checkmark$ Administrative and legal experts
$\checkmark$ Experts of management facilities
$\checkmark$ IT specialists
$\checkmark$ Experts in marketing and communication
$\checkmark$ Coaches
$\checkmark$ Athletic trainers
$\checkmark$ Referees
$\checkmark$ Sports doctors
The Action Plan also provides for:

- development and production of teaching materials (paper / digital) in different languages. Among the teaching materials it will be inserted an engaging guide for organizing YOUTH CAMPS, where also play training workshops for managers / promoters, coaches, referees and plant operators. This guidance will be particularly important in areas where water polo does not exist or is underdeveloped
- advice on the design / management facilities adapted to WATER POLO
- Identification of equipment suppliers
- monitoring actions on developing training

The training action conducted by TEAM and DEVELOPMENT CORES consequently allow people who received training to be able to:
$\checkmark$ draw up a development project in their areas
$\checkmark$ promote, establish and manage CLUB
$\checkmark$ promote relations with INSTITUTIONS, SPONSOR, MEDIA and SPONSOR
$\checkmark$ identify and train coaches, sports trainers and referees
$\checkmark$ identifying plant designers in the event of new constructions
$\checkmark$ identify equipment suppliers
$\checkmark$ develop the practice of WATER POLO in the early age groups
$\checkmark$ plan organization and management of events
The project would be realized over 4 years (or within the period stipulated by FINA) and is developed in 4 phases.
Each phase shall identify:

- operating entities and roles
- purposes and activities
- methods of intervention and duration
- cost assumptions


## first phase

Constitution of the Working Group (TEAM).

## Operating entities and roles

- FINA Chief Executive: project responsible (leader) with the collaboration of FINA administrative office, FINA press office and FINA media relations manager
- FINA technical committee: Project Coordinator
- Any FINA Commission: collaboration (if deemed useful)
- International Communication and Marketing Agency: consultant
- Professional people operating in WATER POLO: operating staff

Purposes and activities of the first phase
$\checkmark$ Definition of the project's guidelines
$\checkmark$ Definition of the people and of the roles in the TEAM with their commitments
$\checkmark$ Verifying the feasibility of the project
$\checkmark$ Iidentification of DEVELOPMENT CORES in Continental Leagues
$\checkmark$ Identification of people and actions necessary for the development of the second phase
$\checkmark$ Definition and production of teaching materials (paper / digital), translated into several languages, necessary for the formation of those involved. Together with YOUTH CAMP GUIDANCE
$\checkmark$ Identification of a computer expert to produce an operating system that facilitates the management of the project
$\checkmark$ Definition of external collaborations
$\checkmark$ Definition of the communication strategy
$\checkmark$ Definition of people for investigation / statistics

## FIIST PHASE [follows]

## Methods of intervention and duration

## First Meeting

The TEAM will send to LEAGUE PRESIDENTS a Questionnaire to gather information on:

- Responsible for Development Core Leagues
- Responsible for the Technical Commission Leagues
- Any employees of Development Core Leagues

During the meeting the goals and the roles will be shared, the actions will be defined to increase the popularity of WATER POLO, as well as it is planned to establish contacts with institutions, media and sponsors.
Duration: 3 days (including timing of arrival and departure)
Second Meeting
A second meeting will be organized to:
$\checkmark$ Verify the work performed in relation to what was planned in the previous meeting
$\checkmark$ Analyse the results of the questionnaires, previously sent to the Presidents of the Leagues
$\checkmark$ Request for information and prompt missing answers
$\checkmark$ Define intervention priorities
$\checkmark$ Plan the second phase
Duration: 2 days (excluding timing of arrival and departure)
At the end of this phase we recommend the organization of a Conference to share the project directed at MEDIA and SPONSORS.

Presentation of the project to the presidents of all CONTINENTAL LEAGUES gathered in one meeting.meeting.

## Operating entities and roles

- TEAM: Project coordination
- Presidents of CONTINENTAL LEAGUES : sharing and information
- Technical Committee of CONTINENTAL LEAGUES : sharing and information
- Media and marketing managers of CONTINENTAL LEAGUES : sharing and information Each LEAGUE, under the supervision of the TEAM, will appoint a PROJECT MANAGER. All parties must make firm commitments and carry them out with the utmost seriousness.


## Purposes and activities of the second phase

$\checkmark$ Presentation and sharing of the development project based on the results of the questionnaires that Leagues will send to the TEAM with any questions and / or info
$\checkmark$ Training and evaluation of the Development Core Leagues
$\checkmark$ Presentation of educational materials (print and digital) necessary to the training (translated into many languages) of people who participate in the workshop together with the YOUTH CAMP GUIDANCE
$\checkmark$ Presentation of the information system
$\checkmark$ Presentation of the questionnaire to be sent to the National Federations
$\checkmark$ Sharing of communication strategies and methodologies for the management of relations with institutions / media / sponsors (relative to the areas of belonging)
$\checkmark$ Acquisition of information necessary for planning next steps

## SECOND PHASE [follows)

## Methods of intervention and duration

First Meeting
The TEAM will indicate to each LEAGUE how the DEVELOPMENT CORE must apply for the organization of WORKSHOPS with the participation of NATIONAL FEDERATIONS. LEAGUES will be informed on methodologies related to contacts with INSTITUTIONS, MEDIA and SPONSORS.
Duration: 3 days (excluding timing of arrival and departure)

## Second Workshop

In each LEAGUE workshops will be held (one for each League) for the inspection of works planned on the occasion of the first meeting.
The TEAM, once analyzed the information contained in the questionnaires filled out by each FEDERATION and assessed the popularity of WATER POLO in various areas (high, medium, low, non-existent), will develop intervention strategies to be proposed in the third phase.
In areas where the popularity of WATER POLO is low or nonexistent, it can enable synergies between neighboring federations, to establish a single DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.
In areas where the popularity is high, it will work in the surrounding areas where the discipline is less widespread and practiced to give a support to the definition of DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.
Duration: 3 days (excluding arrival and departure timings)

Organization of workshops by each CONTINENTAL LEAGUE for submission of the project to the NATIONAL FEDERATIONS and the involvement of representatives of their respective geographical areas.

## Operating entities and roles

- TEAM: Project coordination
- Responsible for Development Core CONTINENTAL LEAGUES: development of the project.
- Presidents of NATIONAL FEDERATIONS: sharing and information
- Technical Committee of NATIONAL FEDERATIONS: sharing and information
- Media and marketing managers of NATIONAL FEDERATIONS: sharing and information

Each FEDERATION, with the supervision of the TEAM (if necessary) and the CORE DEVELOPMENT of its LEAGUE, on the basis of completed questionnaires, will appoint a PROJECT MANAGER. All parties must make firm commitments and carry them out with the utmost seriousness.

## Purposes and activities of the third phase

$\checkmark$ Presentation and sharing of the development project
$\checkmark$ Delivery of the materials for the education
$\checkmark$ Presentation of educational materials (print and digital) for the training (translated in many languages) of people together with the YOUTH CAMP GUIDANCE
$\checkmark$ Sharing of communication strategies and methodologies for the management of relations with institutions / media / sponsors
$\checkmark$ Acquisition of information necessary for planning next steps

## THIRD PHASE [follows)

## Methods of intervention and duration

In the 5 continents workshops will be held for a total of ten workshops. Educational materials will be defined and presented for the training of FEDERATION DEVELOPMENT CORES. FEDERATIONS should be informed the for which it has been programmed a PROJECT of SYNERGIES between neighboring areas.

## First workshop

The LEAGUE and TEAM (if necessary) will provide each FEDERATION how the DEVELOPMENT CORES of FEDERATIONS must apply for the organization of the WORKSHOPS in the fourth phase with the participation of the CLUBS. Each Manager will be expected to provide information, propose ideas and content for the fourth phase.
The workshops will be repeated in relation to the number of participants and / or to the distances from the location of the meeting.
Duration: 2 days (excluding arrival and departure timings)

## Second workshop

Each LEAGUE will have to organize a second workshop in order to:
$\checkmark$ Verify the work performed in relation to what was planned in the previous meeting
$\checkmark$ Define intervention priorities
$\checkmark$ Develop intervention strategies in the fourth phase
Duration: 2 days (excluding arrival and departure timings)

Organization of a workshop arranged by each NATIONAL FEDERATION for the presentation of the project to the CLUBS and the involvement of representatives of their respective geographical areas. Where there are different types of business or a significant number of CLUBS, it should diversify workshops.

## Operating entities and roles

- TEAM: Project coordination (if necessary)
- Responsible for Development Core LEAGUE: project coordination
- Responsible for Development Core FEDERATION: development of the project
- CLUB Presidents: sharing, information and application
- Water polo Club Officers: sharing, information and application
- Media and marketing managers of CLUBS: sharing, information and application

All parties must make firm commitments and undertaken with the utmost seriousness. With the intention to develop synergies, it's possible to involve CLUBS carrying out activities at a low level or nonexistent, with the participation of swimming schools and / or managers of swimming pools.

## Purposes and activities of the fourth phase

$\checkmark$ Development and dissemination of the project
$\checkmark$ Delivery of educational materials for the training together with the YOUTH CAMP GUIDANCE
$\checkmark$ Presentation of computer information system
$\checkmark$ Sharing of communication strategies and methodologies for the management of relations with institutions, media and sponsors

## FOURTH PHASE [follows]

## Methods of intervention and duration

First workshop
FEDERATION, with the possible support of TEAM and the LEAGUE, will provide each CLUB the procedures to operate through a FORMAT to be adapted to the characteristics of CLUBS and methodologies in order to manage contacts with INSTITUTIONS, MEDIA and SPONSOR. Each Manager will be expected to provide information and propose ideas and contents for the second meeting. The workshops will be repeated in relation to the number of participants and / or to the distances from the place of the meeting.
Duration: 3 days (including arrival and departure timings)

## Second workshop

Each FEDERATION will have to organize a second workshop for the inspection of works carried out in the first meeting.
The workshops will be repeated in relation to the number of participants and / or to the distances from the place of the meeting.
Duration: 2 days (including arrival and departure timings)

In order to simplify the process, the Action Plan has been divided and subdivided for each member of TEAM. This joint is modifiable and upgradable in relation to individual professionalism.

## FINA BUREAU (ATTACHMENT A.1)

Knowledge and decision to authorize the initiative, if shared, by suggesting any changes and definitive guidelines..

## FINA CHIEF EXECUTIVE (ATTACHMENT A.1)

It is the only PROJECT responsible.
Its role is critical to the work of connection and inspiration with and between the different water polo actors (FINA TECHNICAL COMMITTEE, CONTINENTAL LEAGUES , NATIONAL FEDERATIONS).
It defines ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES of OPERATING ENTITIES indicated in the project. It oversees relations with INSTITUTIONS, MEDIA and SPONSORS. It defines and manages the BUDGET of the project. Identify a qualified COMMUNICATION and MARKETING AGENCY and other subjects, from different backgrounds, that are necessary for the development of the PROJECT.
It periodically MONITORS the work done by the individual.

# WORKING ASSUMPTIONS 

## FINA TECHNICAL COMMITTEE(ATTACHMENT A.1)

It's the responsible for developing relations with the realities of the five continents..
It collaborates to define the roles and responsibilities of the operating entities.
It indicates innovations to improve HABITAT, the SPECTACLE of the game and TELEVISION FOOTAGE of the events.
It coordinates the preparation of teaching materials (and in particular the YOUTH CAMP GUIDANCE) for coaches and referees, which is essential for workshops to be held in areas where WATER POLO is not practiced or is poorly developed..
It collaborates with the COMMUNICATION and MARKETING AGENCY for the definition of the communication guidelines.
It regularly MONITORS the work done by the individual.

## WATER POLO EXPERTS (ATTACHMENT A.4)

In the five continents there are qualified individuals who interact with the world of WATER POLO and that, besides the passion, have experience and technical and organizational skills such as to be precious interlocutors.
In particular, they can make their contribution to:
$\checkmark$ the technical and organizational aspects and management of CLUBS;
$\checkmark$ personal relationships with individuals who will be involved in the various areas (INSTITUTIONS, SPONSORS, MEDIA, ENTERTAINMENT);
$\checkmark$ collaboration in action training of personnel;
$\checkmark$ gathering information on the perception of WATER POLO in different areas;

# C. WORKING ASSUMPPIIONS Stuluwis 

## COMMUNICATION and MARKETING AGENCY (ATTACHMENT B.1)

It defines the elements on which to structure the communication of FINA, LEAGUES, FEDERATIONS and CLUBS, in order to identify "WATER POLO" product, to offer it to customers and identify potential interested market sectors.
It collaborates to define the best organization of workshops relating to METHODOLOGIES to get the most information.
Together with TEAM it develops relationships with RESEARCH INSTITUTES.
It collaborates with FINA, LEAGUES, FEDERATIONS and CLUB in relations with INSTITUTIONS, MEDIA and SPONSORS defining a methodology of intervention.

## CONTINENTAL LEAGUES (ATTACHMENT A.2)

CONTINENTAL LEAGUES are an important element of this sector in which it develops the PROJECT.
By their commitment it depends the management of the relationships with NATIONAL FEDERATIONS
LEAGUES' task is to:
$\checkmark$ Provide TEAMS, through questionnaires, information about companies working in their areas;
$\checkmark$ Collaborate in the construction of DEVELOPMENT CORES, ensuring that subjects indicated by them are capable and reliable;
$\checkmark$ Organize, with the collaboration of the TEAM (if necessary), WORKSHOPS with the participation of the FEDERATIONS of their area;
$\checkmark$ assume responsibility for the logistics of the meetings to better manage the involvement of all participants;
$\checkmark$ monitor the actual implementation of PROJECT in the FEDERATIONS of their area.

NATIONAL FEDERATION (ATTACHMENT A.3)
The task of the NATIONAL FEDERATIONS is to transfer the contents of the PROJECT to the CLUBS, which are the BASE of the sector
It is necessary that the NATIONAL FEDERATIONS commit themselves to:
$\checkmark$ provide LEAGUES and / or TEAMS, through questionnaires, information about companies working in their areas;
$\checkmark$ collaborate in the construction of DEVELOPMENT CORES, ensuring that subjects indicated by them are capable and reliable;
$\checkmark$ organize, with the collaboration of the CONTINENTAL LEAGUES and/or the TEAM (if necessary), WORKSHOPS with the participation of the CLUBS of their area;
$\checkmark$ assume responsibility for the logistics of the meetings to better manage the involvement of all participants;
$\checkmark$ monitor the actual implementation of PROJECT in the CLUBS of their area.

## DEVELOPMENT CORES

The DEVELOPMENT CORES of LEAGUES and FEDERATIONS are the operating arm of the TEAM. Their task is to provide information on the territorial realities, on intervention procedures and identify and train individuals who cooperate on single interventions.
The establishment of DEVELOPMENT CORES must be assessed and monitored by the TEAM.

## COST ASSUMPTIONS

We would like to indicate the cost assumptions of the various phases of the PROJECT that they have to be drastically reduced in relation to the managerial skills in the relation definition.

This includes the following costs:
$\checkmark$ Travel, transfers, hotel and meals

Costs not included:
$\checkmark$ Rooms and equipped spaces
$\checkmark$ Fees for the advice of experts
$\checkmark$ Preparation of teaching materials (print and digital)
$\checkmark$ Production (paper and digital) of the training material (ITA / ENG / OTHER LANGUAGES)
$\checkmark$ The cooperation in training and coordination of the different phases.
$\checkmark$ Interpreters and translations
$\checkmark$ Computer system and computer experts
$\checkmark$ Buying spaces on Media

## COST ASSUMPTIONS

We would like to indicate the cost assumptions of the various phases of the PROJECT that they have to be drastically reduced in relation to the managerial skills in the relation definition.

## Costs

$\checkmark$ FIRST PHASE (n. 2 Workshops) $=\mathbf{1 5 0 . 0 0 0 , 0 0}$ Euros
$\checkmark$ SECOND PHASE (n. 2 Workshops with the simultaneously participation of the 5 LEAGUES) $=140.000,00$ Euros
$\checkmark$ THIRD PHASE (n. 2 Workshops for each LEAGUE, 10 meetings in total ) = Euro 260.000,00

## TOTAL: 550.000 Euros

$\checkmark$ FOURTH PHASE (n. 2 Workshops) $=40.000$,00 Euros (20.000,00 Euros for each Workshop)
This amount shall be calculated in relation to the number of workshops that FEDERATIONS decide to organize in their areas and therefore the overall cost is obtained by adding the previous TOTAL $(\mathbf{5 5 0 , 0 0 0})$ with the cost of the FOURTH PHASE

Dates and Locations
$\checkmark$ FIRST AND SECOND PHASE: by FINA recommendation
$\checkmark$ THIRD PHASE: by LEAGUES recommendation
$\checkmark$ FOURTH PHASE : by FEDERATIONS recommendation

## TEAM / LEAGUE / FEDERATION JOBS

## FINA

## FINA TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

Responsibility and project inspection
$\checkmark$ Chain relationships
$\checkmark$ Institution relationships
$\checkmark$ Media relations
$\checkmark$ Sponsor relations
$\checkmark$ Press office
$\checkmark$ Administrative office
$\checkmark$ Defining and sharing training materials
$\checkmark$ Identification of experts for partnership
$\checkmark$ Monitoring step-by-step
$\checkmark$ Relations among geographical areas
$\checkmark$ Defining game rules
$\checkmark$ Commissioner relations
$\checkmark$ Coach training manuals
$\checkmark$ Referee training manuals
$\checkmark$ Info manager/promoter education
$\checkmark$ Info habitat of events format
$\checkmark$ Info show format
$\checkmark$ Info TV coverage
$\checkmark$ Event organization
$\checkmark$ YOUTH CAMPS promotion
$\checkmark$ Info water polo perception
$\checkmark \quad$ Info and control training manuals
$\checkmark$ Monitoring step-by-step

| CONTINENTAL LEAGUES |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\checkmark$ | Relations among geographical areas |
| $\checkmark$ | Relations with Institutions |
| $\checkmark$ | Relations with Media |
| $\checkmark$ | Relations with sponsors |
| $\checkmark$ | Creation of development cores |
| $\checkmark$ | Management of questionnaires |
| $\checkmark$ | Training workshop organization |
| $\checkmark$ | International event organization |
| $\checkmark$ | YOUTH CAMP organization |
| $\checkmark$ | Organization of Master, Beach Water polo |
|  | activities |
| $\checkmark$ | Press Office |
| $\checkmark$ | Administrative office |


| NATIONAL FEDERATIONS | TECHBICAL COMMITTEE FEDERATIONS |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Relations with clubs <br> $\checkmark$ Relations with Institutions <br> $\checkmark$ Relations with Media <br> $\checkmark$ Relations with sponsors <br> $\checkmark$ Creation of development cores <br> $\checkmark$ Training workshop organization <br> $\checkmark$ International event organization <br> $\checkmark$ YOUTH CAMP organization <br> $\checkmark$ Organization of Master, Beach Water polo activities <br> $\checkmark$ Inventory of pools and alternative spaces <br> $\checkmark$ Press Office <br> $\checkmark$ Administrative office <br> $\checkmark$ Educational material translation | $\checkmark$ Collaboration of development cores <br> $\checkmark$ Training coaches <br> $\checkmark$ Training referees |

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WATER POLO EXPERTS
\checkmark ~ I d e n t i f y i n g ~ s u b j e c t s ~ r e l a t i n g ~ t o ~ a r e a s ~ o f ~
        collaboration
\checkmark ~ F i n d i n g ~ o t h e r ~ e x p e r t s
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ m a n a g e r s ~ / ~ p r o m o t e r s ~ T r a i n i n g ~
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ c o a c h ~ t r a i n i n g ~
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ r e f e r e e ~ t r a i n i n g ~
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ r u l e s
\checkmark ~ E v e n t ~ o r g a n i z a t i o n ~
\checkmark ~ Y O U T H ~ C A M P ~ o r g a n i z a t i o n ~
\checkmark ~ O r g a n i z a t i o n ~ o f ~ M a s t e r , ~ B e a c h ~ W a t e r ~ p o l o ~
    activities
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ w a t e r ~ p o l o ~ p e r c e p t i o n ~
\checkmark ~ I n f o ~ p r o j e c t ~ d e s c r i p t i o n ~
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WATERPOLO PEOPLE
$\checkmark$ Clarification and / or collaboration and definition of the project in the different aspects contained in Vision and DEVELOPMENT PROJECT in relation to the professionalism of their members, if deemed useful

## ATTACHMENT B. 1

## EXTERNAL COLLABORATION WORKS

COMMUNICATION AND MARKETING AGENCY ISTITUTO DI RICERCA
$\checkmark$ Communication strategy definition
$\checkmark$ Collaboration workshop management
$\checkmark$ Relationships with Research Institutes
$\checkmark$ Event collaboration
$\checkmark$ Identification of Potential sponsors
$\checkmark$ Sponsor- customer relations
$\checkmark$ Methodologies for contacts with:
1 - Institutions
2 - Media
3 - Sponsors
$\checkmark$ Media plan
$\checkmark$ Research in different geographical areas of:
1 - WATER POLO strengths and weaknesses
2 - WATER POLO Dissemination
3 - Identification of WATER POLO spreading
Events
4 - Reasons for choosing to practice WATER
POLO
5 - Reasons for choosing to attend events
6 - Reasons for choosing to watch TV broadcasts
7 - WATE RPOLO dissemination in the early age groups
8 - Identification Role Families
9 - Consumer Analysis

## EXTERNAL COLLABORATION WORKS

| SPONSORSHIIPAGENCY | COMPUTER EXPERT |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Water polo promotion to potential sponsors | $\checkmark$ Computer system creation <br> $\checkmark$ Web platform creation (web-site, Social Network) <br> $\checkmark$ System Management Support <br> $\checkmark$ Collaboration with Video game developers, important to promote water polo in the early age groups |
| NEW TECHNOLOGIES | EVENT ORGANIZERS |
| $\checkmark$ Individuation of technologies to manage events | $\checkmark$ Support event organization in alternative venues |
| AUTHORS | DIRECTOR/SCENOGRAPHER |
| $\checkmark$ Drafting history of water polo | $\checkmark$ habitat definition format support |
| $\checkmark$ Info Annual activities of several areas | $\checkmark$ Spectacle definition format support |
| $\checkmark$ Stories and characters | $\checkmark$ Television footage definition format support |
| WATER POLO STADIUM DESIGN |  |

## QUESTIONNAIRE SENT BY THE TEAM TO LEAGUES

The LEAGUES must provide the following information concerning:

1. Responsible of DEVELOPMENT CORE LEAGUES
2. Responsible TECHNICAL COMMITTEE LEAGUES
3. Potential collaborators DEVELOPMENT CORE LEAGUES

It must provide information on people concerning:
$\checkmark$ full name, age, nationality, address, contact details, relationships with institutions
$\checkmark$ significant results in the events in which he participated
$\checkmark$ computer knowledges
$\checkmark$ knowledge and / or possession of teaching materials
$\checkmark$ WATE RPOLO events in which he participated
$\checkmark$ Other sports events in which he participated
$\checkmark$ distance from his residence to the Headquarters of the League and the Federation of belonging
$\checkmark$ distance from sites where there are pools or alternative spaces
$\checkmark$ relationships with qualified personalities of WATER POLO
$\checkmark$ relationships with institutions, media and sponsors
$\checkmark$ relationships with communication and marketing agencies
$\checkmark$ indication of the quality of relations with National Federations (excellent, discrete, low)

## QUESTIONNAIRE SENT BY THE LEAGUES TO FEDERATIONS

CONTINENTAL LEAGUES should ask the presidents of the national associations for the following information relating to:
$\checkmark$ GD.P. of their Country
$\checkmark$ the existence of WATER POLO
$\checkmark$ International WATER POLO level
$\checkmark$ Results obtained from the different National (over the last 10 years)
$\checkmark$ Results obtained by CLUBS in international events
$\checkmark$ Number and technical level of CLUB practicing WATER POLO by area
$\checkmark$ Number and type plants
$\checkmark$ Number Senior Championships
$\checkmark$ Number Youth Championships
$\checkmark$ Referee number
$\checkmark$ Coaches number
$\checkmark$ Number of members (M/F)
$\checkmark$ Average age Senior Championship
$\checkmark$ Other activities (first age groups, master, beach WATER POLO)
$\checkmark$ Existence of YOUTH CAMP (type)
$\checkmark$ alternative spaces (sea, rivers, lakes, resorts, water parks, etc.)
$\checkmark$ Tips
$\checkmark$ Relations with Institutions
$\checkmark$ Relationships with AGENCIES
$\checkmark$ Relationships with SPONSOR
$\checkmark$ Relations with MEDIA


